

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Water Board's website at http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml)

Water System Name:	BEND ELEMENTARY SCHOOL
Water System Number:	CA5200511

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on July 1, 2024 to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.

Certified By:	Name:	Adam Johnson	
	Signature:	<i>Adam Johnson</i>	
	Title:	Maintenance Supervisor	
	Phone Number:	(530) 803-3540	Date: June 11, 2024

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the form below by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used:

"Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying customers. Those efforts included the following methods:

- Posted the CCR on the internet at [http:// www.evergreenusd.org](http://www.evergreenusd.org)
- Mailed the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
- Advertised the availability of the CCR in news media (attach a copy of press release)
- Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of the newspaper and date published)
- Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)
- Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
- Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
- Other (attach a list of other methods used)

For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following address: <http://> _____

For investor-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

2023 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: BEND ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Report Date: June 2024

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2023.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: According to DHS records, this Source is Groundwater. This Assessment was done using the Default Groundwater System Method.

Your water comes from 1 source(s): WELL #1

Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality: Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings are currently not held.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (530)347-3411 ext 7510 and ask for Adam Johnson.

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

mg/L: milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)

ug/L: micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

The sources of drinking water: (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Water Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Water Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Table(s) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Water Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Table 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF COLIFORM BACTERIA					
Microbiological Contaminants (complete if bacteria detected)	Highest No. of Detections	No. of Months in Violation	MCL	MCLG	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Total Coliform Bacteria	2/year (2023)	0	no more than 1 positive monthly sample	0	Naturally present in the environment.

Table 2 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER							
Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set)	Sample Date	No. of Samples	90th percentile level detected	No. Sites Exceeding AL	AL	PHG	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Copper (mg/L)	(2020)	5	0.33	0	1.3	.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

Table 3 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD						
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Arsenic (ug/L)	(2018)	2	n/a	10	0.004	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2023)	3.6	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate + Nitrite as N (mg/L)	(2021)	4	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits

Table 4 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Health Effects
Vanadium (ug/L)	(2018)	13	n/a	50	Vanadium exposures resulted in developmental and reproductive effects in rats.

Table 5 - DETECTION OF DISINFECTANT/DISINFECTANT BYPRODUCT RULE

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL (MRDL)	PHG (MCLG)	Violation	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs) (ug/L)	(2023)	7	n/a	80	n/a	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Chlorine (mg/L)	(2023)	0.00	n/a	4.0	4.0	No	Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment.
Haloacetic Acids (five) (ug/L)	(2023)	2	n/a	60	n/a	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *Bend Elementary School* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.

Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

VIOLATION OF A MCL,MRDL,AL,TT, OR MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENT

Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken To Correct the Violation	Health Effects Language
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Total Coliform Bacteria				Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water distribution system. We found coliforms indicating the need to look for potential problems in water treatment or distribution. When this occurs, we are required to conduct assessment(s) to identify problems and to correct any problems that were found during these assessments.
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2023 Consumer Confidence Report

Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

A Drinking Water Source Assessment (DWSAPP) was conducted for the WELL 01 of the BEND ELEMENTARY SCHOOL water system in October, 2001.

Acquiring Information

A copy of the complete assessment may be viewed at:
 Division of Drinking Water
 415 Knollcrest Drive, Suite 110
 Redding, CA 96002

You may request a summary of the assessment be sent to you by contacting:

Tehama Co. Env. Health Dept
 Tia Kuykendall
 633 Washington Street, Room 36
 Red Bluff, CA 96080
 (530) 527 - 8020
 tkuykendall@pacbell.net

Chlorine		mg/L		4.0	4.0			0.00	-
WELL #1	CH 2390534-1	mg/L				2023-12-14			
WELL #1	CH 2378287-1	mg/L				2023-09-27			
WELL #1	CH 2373326-1	mg/L				2023-05-17			
WELL #1	CH 2371367-1	mg/L				2023-02-28			
Average WELL #1								0	
Haloacetic Acids (five)		ug/L		60	n/a			2	2 - 2
WELL 01-TREATMENT PLANT	CH 2390533-1	ug/L				2023-12-14	2		
Average WELL 01-TREATMENT PLANT								2	

Bend Elementary School

CCR Login Linkage - 2023

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date_Sampled	Method	Description	Property
O/S HOSEBIB	CH 2375108-3	2023-07-07	Coliform	Bathroom Near Office H.B	Drinking Water Monitoring
Drinking Founta	CH 2077053-3	2020-09-18	Metals, Total	Drinking Fountain	Lead & Copper Monitoring
H.B near Courts	CH 2375108-4	2023-07-07	Coliform	H.B near Courts	Drinking Water Monitoring
	CH 2378428-3	2023-09-29	Coliform	H.B near Courts	Drinking Water Monitoring
HB NEAR OFFS B.	CH 2378428-2	2023-09-29	Coliform	HB Near Office B.R.	Drinking Water Monitoring
Kitchen	CH 2077053-4	2020-09-18	Metals, Total	Kitchen	Lead & Copper Monitoring
OFFS	CH 2077053-2	2020-09-18	Metals, Total	Office	Lead & Copper Monitoring
	CH 2370633-1	2023-01-26	Coliform	Office	Drinking Water Monitoring
	CH 2371366-1	2023-02-28	Coliform	Office	Drinking Water Monitoring
	CH 2371847-1	2023-03-22	Coliform	Office	Drinking Water Monitoring
	CH 2372803-1	2023-04-26	Coliform	Office	Drinking Water Monitoring
Office	CH 2373323-1	2023-05-17	Coliform	Office	Bacteriological Monitoring
	CH 2374526-1	2023-06-26	Coliform	Office	Bacteriological Monitoring
OFFS	CH 2375108-1	2023-07-07	Coliform	Office	Drinking Water Monitoring
	CH 2375361-1	2023-07-13	Coliform	Office	Drinking Water Monitoring
Office	CH 2376648-1	2023-08-14	Coliform	Office	Bacteriological Monitoring
	CH 2378286-1	2023-09-27	Coliform	Office	Bacteriological Monitoring
OFFS	CH 2378428-1	2023-09-29	Coliform	Office	Drinking Water Monitoring
	CH 2378877-1	2023-10-12	Coliform	Office	Drinking Water Monitoring
Office	CH 2379850-1	2023-11-16	Coliform	Office	Bacteriological Monitoring
OFFS	CH 2390531-1	2023-12-14	Coliform	Office	Drinking Water Monitoring
Room #1	CH 2077053-1	2020-09-18	Metals, Total	Room #1	Lead & Copper Monitoring
Room #5	CH 2077053-5	2020-09-18	Metals, Total	Room #5	Lead & Copper Monitoring
WELL 01	CH 1872055-1	2018-04-16	Metals, Total	WELL #1	Water Quality Monitoring
	CH 2171893-1	2021-04-12	Wet Chemistry	WELL #1	Water Quality Monitoring
	CH 2371367-1	2023-02-28	Field Test	WELL #1	Raw Water Bacteriological
	CH 2373326-1	2023-05-17	Field Test	WELL #1	Raw Water Bacteriological
	CH 2373325-1	2023-05-17	Wet Chemistry	WELL #1	Water Quality Monitoring
	CH 2378287-1	2023-09-27	Field Test	WELL #1	Raw Water Bacteriological
	CH 2390534-1	2023-12-14	Field Test	WELL #1	Raw Water Bacteriological
WELL 01-trtd	CH 2390533-1	2023-12-14	EPA 551.1	WELL 01-TREATMENT PLANT	DBPR Monitoring
	CH 2390533-1	2023-12-14	EPA 552.2	WELL 01-TREATMENT PLANT	DBPR Monitoring